# COMMUNITIES IN SCHOOLS OF THE NATION'S CAPITAL, INC. 

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
June 30, 2023
(With Summarized Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Communities in Schools of the Nation's Capital, Inc.

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Communities in Schools of the Nation's Capital, Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Adoption of New Accounting Standards

As disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Organization adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended and Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Organization's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 16, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

## HAN GROUP LC

HAN GROUP LC
Washington, DC
November 13, 2023

Statement of Financial Position
June 30, 2023
(With Summarized Comparative Information for 2022)

|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 196,505 | \$ | 51,214 |
| Grants, contributions and contracts receivable |  | 605,804 |  | 362,320 |
| Other receivables |  | 114,501 |  | 234,811 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits |  | 32,404 |  | 14,542 |
| Right-of-use asset - operating lease |  | 158,659 |  | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,107,873 | \$ | 662,887 |
| Liabilities and Net Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ | 97,662 | \$ | 36,861 |
| Accrued vacation |  | 18,068 |  | 22,044 |
| Refundable advances |  | 19,683 |  | 22,188 |
| Operating lease liability |  | 159,850 |  | - |
| Deferred rent |  | - |  | 677 |
| Total liabilities |  | 295,263 |  | 81,770 |
| Net Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Without donor restrictions |  | 465,853 |  | 441,159 |
| With donor restrictions |  | 346,757 |  | 139,958 |
| Total net assets |  | 812,610 |  | 581,117 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | \$ | 1,107,873 | \$ | 662,887 |


|  | 2023 |  |  |  |  |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Without Donor strictions |  | th Donor strictions | Total |  | Total |  |
| Revenue and Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foundation and corporate contributions | \$ | 337,041 | \$ | 720,760 |  | \$ 1,057,801 |  | 601,238 |
| Government grants and contracts |  | 939,755 |  |  |  | 939,755 |  | 1,477,253 |
| Other contributions |  | 132,232 |  |  |  | 132,232 |  | 167,760 |
| Contributions of nonfinancial assets |  | 10,000 |  | - |  | 10,000 |  | 33,927 |
| Net assets released from restrictions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expiration of time restrictions |  | 80,000 |  | $(80,000)$ |  | - |  |  |
| Satisfaction of purpose restrictions |  | 433,961 |  | $(433,961)$ |  | - |  | - |
| Total revenue and support |  | 1,932,989 |  | 206,799 |  | 2,139,788 |  | 2,280,178 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program services |  | 1,550,067 |  | - |  | 1,550,067 |  | 1,729,957 |
| Supporting services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management and general |  | 282,005 |  | - |  | 282,005 |  | 294,684 |
| Fundraising |  | 76,223 |  | - |  | 76,223 |  | 59,299 |
| Total supporting services |  | 358,228 |  | - |  | 358,228 |  | 353,983 |
| Total expenses |  | 1,908,295 |  | - |  | 1,908,295 |  | 2,083,940 |
| Change in Net Assets |  | 24,694 |  | 206,799 |  | 231,493 |  | 196,238 |
| Net Assets, beginning of year |  | 441,159 |  | 139,958 |  | 581,117 |  | 384,879 |
| Net Assets, end of year | \$ | 465,853 | \$ | 346,757 |  | \$ 812,610 |  | 581,117 |

## COMMUNITIES IN SCHOOLS OF THE NATION'S CAPITAL, INC.

## Statement of Functional Expenses

Year Ended June 30, 2023
(With Summarized Comparative Information for 2022)

|  | 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Supporting Services |  |  |  |  |  | Total Supporting Services |  | Total |  | Total |  |
|  |  | rogram ervices | Management and General |  | Fundraising |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and related expenses | \$ | 1,178,842 | \$ | 77,838 | \$ | 69,368 | \$ | 147,206 | \$ | 1,326,048 | \$ | 1,364,485 |
| Student support services |  | 243,939 |  | 1,233 |  | - |  | 1,233 |  | 245,172 |  | 444,079 |
| Consultants and contractors |  | 4,500 |  | 171,768 |  | - |  | 171,768 |  | 176,268 |  | 134,538 |
| Office expenses |  | 51,100 |  | 14,812 |  | 2,980 |  | 17,792 |  | 68,892 |  | 63,986 |
| Occupancy |  | 54,634 |  | 3,608 |  | 3,215 |  | 6,823 |  | 61,457 |  | 55,081 |
| Dues and subscriptions |  | 6,688 |  | 442 |  | 394 |  | 836 |  | 7,524 |  | 9,020 |
| Other expenses |  | 10,364 |  | 12,304 |  | 266 |  | 12,570 |  | 22,934 |  | 12,751 |
| Total Expenses | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,550,067 }}$ | \$ | 282,005 | \$ | 76,223 | \$ | 358,228 | \$ | 1,908,295 | \$ | 2,083,940 |

Cash Flows from Operating ActivitiesChange in net assetsAdjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cashprovided by (used in) operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization
Change in the measurement of operating leases
Change in operating assets and liabilities:
Grants, and contracts receivable
Other receivables
Prepaid expenses and deposits
Accounts payable and accrued expenses
Accrued vacation
Refundable advances
Deferred rent
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities

## Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Payments on capital lease obligation
Net cash used in financing activities
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash
Cash, beginning of year
Cash, end of year

Noncash Investing Activities:
Establishment of right of use operating lease asset
Establishment of right of operating lease liability
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:
Cash paid for interest

| 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 231,493 | \$ | 196,238 |
|  | - |  | 1,100 |
|  | 514 |  | - |
|  | $(243,484)$ |  | $(193,477)$ |
|  | 120,310 |  | $(16,582)$ |
|  | $(17,862)$ |  | 12,371 |
|  | 60,801 |  | $(26,673)$ |
|  | $(3,976)$ |  | $(2,034)$ |
|  | $(2,505)$ |  | $(282,904)$ |
|  | - |  | 677 |

145,291
$(311,284)$


|  | - |  | $(880)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 145,291 |  | $(312,164)$ |
|  | 51,214 |  | 363,378 |
|  |  |  |  |



## 1. Nature of Operations

Communities in Schools of the Nation's Capital, Inc. (the Organization) is a nonprofit organization incorporated in March 2004 in the District of Columbia. The Organization was established to engage in educational and charitable activities, including coordinating and delivering community resources such as social, educational, and human services to at-risk youth and their families in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area through the supportive environment of the DC Public Schools and/or non-traditional educational sites. As such, the Organization matched available community resources with schools to help young people successfully learn, stay in school, and prepare for life. The Organization funds its program and supporting services primarily through grants, contributions and contracts from governments, foundations, corporations, and individuals.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Consequently, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as obligations are incurred.

## Adoption of New Accounting Standards

## Contributed Nonfinancial Assets

Effective January 1, 2022, the Organization adopted ASU 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets, which requires an organization to present contributions of nonfinancial assets as a separate line item apart from contributions of cash or other financial assets on the statement of activities. Additionally, the categories of recognized contributed nonfinancial assets, how the services were utilized and the valuation techniques and inputs used to arrive at a fair value measure are disclosed. The Organization adopted ASU 2020-07 on a retrospective basis. The presentation and discloses of contributed nonfinancial assets have been enhanced in accordance with the standards.

## Leases

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended, changes the accounting treatment for operating leases by recognizing a lease asset and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments in the statement of financial position and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements.

Effective July 1, 2022, the Organization adopted the ASU using the effective date transition method. Financial information was not updated for periods prior to July 1, 2022, and prior period amounts continue to be reported and disclosed in accordance with the Organization's historical accounting treatment under ASC Topic 840, Leases. No cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle resulted from the adoption.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Adoption of New Accounting Standards (continued)

Leases (continued)
The Organization elected the following practical expedients allowed under the ASU:

- The practical expedients that permit no reassessment of whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain a lease, the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, and any initial direct costs for any existing leases as of the effective date and;
- The practical expedient that permits not separating lease and non-lease components for any lease.

As of June 30, 2023, the Organization recognized an operating lease liability of $\$ 159,850$ and a corresponding right of use asset of $\$ 158,659$ as shown on the accompanying statement of financial position.

Cash
Cash includes demand deposits held at commercial financial institutions.

## Grants, Contributions and Contracts Receivable

Grants, Contributions and contracts receivable represent amounts due from the Organization's various grants and contracts revenue sources. Unconditional contributions that are expected to be collected within one year are reported at net realizable value. Unconditional contributions that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at their present value using a risk-adjusted rate. Conditional contributions are not included as support until conditions are substantially met. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded as the entire balance has been deemed by management to be fully collectible. If an amount becomes uncollectible, it is expensed when that determination is made.

## Other Receivables

Other receivables represent amounts applied for under the Employee Retention Tax Credit program (ERTC) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES). There is no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded at June 30,2023 as the entire balance is deemed by management to be fully collectible. If an amount becomes uncollectible, it is expensed when that determination is made.

## Property and Equipment

Property and equipment with a projected useful life exceeding one year and in excess of $\$ 5,000$ are capitalized and recorded at cost or fair value at date of contribution. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets ranging from three to six years. Expenditures for minor and routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Amortization of internally developed software is recorded using the straight-line method over three years. Upon retirement or disposal of assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in revenue or expense.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Leases

The Organization accounts for leases in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended. The Organization determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception. The Organization recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

ROU assets for operating and finance leases are periodically evaluated for impairment losses. The Organization uses the long-lived assets impairment guidance in ASC Subtopic 360-10, Property, Plant, and Equipment - Overall, issued by FASB, to determine whether an ROU asset is impaired, and if so, the amount of the impairment loss to recognize. The Organization monitors for events or changes in circumstances that would require a reassessment of any of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the corresponding ROU asset unless doing so would reduce the carrying amount of the ROU asset to an amount less than zero. In that case, the amount of the adjustment that would result in a negative ROU asset balance is recorded as a gain or loss.

The operating lease ROU asset is presented as right-of-use asset-operating lease on the accompanying statement of financial position. The Organization currently has no finance leases.

The Organization has elected not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of twelve months or less. The Organization recognizes the lease payments associated with its short-term leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments associated with these leases are recognized and presented in the same manner as for all other leases of the Organization.

The Organization made an accounting policy election by class of underlying assets to account for each separate lease component of a contract and its associated non-lease components (lessor-provided maintenance) as a single lease component.

## Classification of Net Assets

- Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions represent funds that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and are available for support of the Organization's general operations.
- Net Assets With Donor Restrictions represent funds that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. The Organization did not have any donor-imposed restrictions which are perpetual in nature at June 30, 2023.


## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

## Contributions

Contributions without conditions are recognized upon notification of the awards and are reported as support with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. Contributions with donor-imposed restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when those restrictions are met in compliance with the donor-imposed restrictions and for the expiration of donorimposed time restrictions. These reclassifications are reported on the accompanying statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Contributions that are considered to be conditional contributions, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are recognized as revenue once the conditions on which they depend have been met. The Organization has adopted the simultaneous release option for conditional contributions or portions of conditional contributions for which the contribution is received, and the condition is met in the same period. Accordingly, these are recognized as revenue without donor restrictions. Amounts recognized in revenue that have not been received are included in contributions receivable. Conversely, amounts received in advance of the conditions being met are recorded as refundable advances. At June 30, 2023, the Organization had $\$ 19,683$ in refundable advances and is included in refundable advances on the accompanying statement of financial position. The Organization had unrecognized conditional contributions of $\$ 233,389$ for which conditions are expected to be met in the upcoming year.

## Contract revenue

Contract revenue is billed monthly based on direct costs incurred plus allowable indirect costs. Revenue on contracts is recognized over time as the work is performed. Amounts received in advance of the performance of the work are recorded in deferred revenue. Conversely, amounts due after the performance of work are recorded in grants and contracts receivable. There was no deferred revenue related to contracts at June 30, 2023.

## Contributions of Nonfinancial Assets

Contributions of nonfinancial assets are recognized as revenue and expenses on the accompanying statement of activities at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt. Donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance non-financial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization. Unless noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor-imposed restrictions.

## Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis on the accompanying statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents expenses by function and natural classification. The Organization incurs expenses that directly relate to, and can be assigned to, a program or supporting activity. The Organization also conducts a number of activities which benefit both its program objectives as well as supporting services.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Functional Allocation of Expenses (continued)

These costs, which are not specifically attributable to a specific program or supporting activity, are allocated by management on a consistent basis among program and supporting services benefited based on the distribution of labor. Expenses allocated include salaries and related expenses, office expenses, occupancy, dues and subscriptions and other expenses.

## Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2023 financial statement presentation.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Summarized Comparative Information

The accompanying financial statements are presented with certain prior year summarized comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Organization's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 from which the summarized information was derived.

## 3. Concentrations

The Organization maintains demand deposits with a financial institution that may, from time to time, exceed insurable limits. The Organization routinely assesses the financial condition of the institution and believes the risk of any loss is minimal.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Organization received 58\% of its revenue from three entities and 99\% of the Organization's receivables were due from five entities at June 30, 2023.

## 4. Grants, Contributions and contracts receivable

Grants, contributions and contracts receivable are due as follows at June 30, 2023:

| Receivable in one year | $\$$ | 505,804 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Receivable in one to five years | 100,000 |  |
| Total grants, contributions and contracts receivable | $\$$ | 605,804 |

The Organization has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts, as management believes all amounts are fully collectible. In addition, a present value discount for contributions receivable due in over one year has not been recorded due to immateriality.

## 5. Property and Equipment

The Organization held the following property and equipment at June 30, 2023:

| Computer and software | $\$$ | 16,393 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Equipment | 13,860 |  |
| Total property and equipment |  | 30,253 <br> $(30,253)$ |
| Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization | $\$$ |  |
| Property and equipment, net | $\$$ |  |

## 6. Leases

In April 2023, the Organization entered into a three-year lease agreement for office space in Washington D.C. commencing on June 2023 and expiring May 2026. The lease calls for annual rent increases of $2.5 \%$.

The balance of ROU operating assets is as follows at June 30, 2023:

| ROU operating lease asset - building | $\$$ | 162,914 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Amortization of ROU operating lease assets - building |  | $(4,255)$ |
| Net operating ROU asset | $\$$ | 158,659 |

The table below presents a maturity analysis of the operating lease liability and a reconciliation of the total amount of the liability on the statement of financial position at June 30, 2023:

| 2024 | $\$$ | 56,818 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| 2025 |  | 58,239 |
| 2026 | 54,606 |  |
| Total future minimum lease payments | $\$$ | 169,663 |
| Less: amount of lease payments representing interest |  | $(9,813)$ |
| Present value of future minimum lease payments |  | 159,850 |
| Less: current obligations under leases |  | $(54,608)$ |
| Long-term lease liability | $\$$ | 105,242 |

Lease costs and other related information for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Lease cost:
Operating lease cost
Total lease cost

$\$ \quad 61,457$

## 6. Leases (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the remaining lease term for the Organization's operating lease is 2.84 years. Because the Organization generally does not have access to the rate implicit in the lease, it utilizes the practical expedient under ASC Topic 842, the risk-free rate from the US Treasury, as the discount rate. The discount rate associated with the operating leases as of June 30,2023 is $4.21 \%$.

## 7. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The following schedule reflects the Organization's financial assets as of June 30, 2023, reduced by amounts not available for general use within one year. All financial assets listed below are considered to be convertible to cash within one year.

Financial Assets:

Cash
Short-term grants and contracts receivable Other receivables

Total financial assets
Less: Donor-imposed restrictions on the financial assets
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year

The Organization's policy is to structure its financial assets to become available as general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations become due, operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability while maintaining and monitoring reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term program goals will continue to be met. In addition, the Organization has a line of credit of $\$ 45,000$ upon which it may draw, should the need arise.

## 8. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions were restricted for the following at June 30, 2023:
Subject to the passage of time: \$ 300,000
\$ 196,505
505,804
114,501
816,810
$(246,757)$

$$
\$ \quad 570,053
$$

Subject to expenditures for specific purposes:

Cardozo
Brookland
Stuart Hobson 16,186

Burrville
Total net assets with donor restrictions

| 16,186 |
| ---: |
| 11,149 |
| 10,800 |
| 8,622 |

\$ 346,757

## 8. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2023, releases from net assets with donor restrictions were for the following:

Expiration of time restrictions:
Satisfaction of purpose restrictions:
Multiple Schools
Panda
Burrville
Brookland
Stuart Hobson
Total net assets released from donor restrictions
\$ 80,000
407,750

10,909
9,899
3,336
2,067
\$ 513,961

## 9. Contributions of Nonfinancial Assets

The following table summarizes the Organization's contributed nonfinancial assets by major category for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| Nonfinancial Assets | Revenue Recognized |  | Utilization in Programs/ Activities | Donor <br> Restrictions | Fair Value Techniques and Inputs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legal services | \$ | 10,000 | Management and General | Without Donor Restrictions | Regular rates of the law firm |
| Total | \$ | $\underline{\text { 10,000 }}$ |  |  |  |

## 10. Commitments and Contingencies

## Line of Credit

The Organization has a revolving line of credit of up to $\$ 45,000$ with a financial institution. The line of credit is collateralized by the Organization's assets. The interest rate on the line is variable and was $8.5 \%$ at June 30, 2023. There was no outstanding balance on the line of credit at June 30, 2023.

## Conditional Government Grants and Government Contracts

Funds that the Organization receives from government agencies are subject to audit under the provisions of the grant and contract agreements. The ultimate determination of amounts received under the grant and contract agreements are based upon the allowance of costs reported to and accepted by the oversight agency. Until such grants are closed out, there exists a contingency to refund any amount received in excess of allowable costs. Management is of the opinion that no material liability exists.

## 11. Related Parties

The Organization received contributions from board members and from organizations related to board members. The total of such contributions was $\$ 61,725$ for the year ended June 30, 2023, which is included in other contributions on the accompanying statement of activities.

## 12. Retirement Plan

The Organization has a Simple IRA retirement plan which covers all employees. The Organization matches each employee's contributions up to a maximum of three percent of the eligible employee's compensation.

The Organization contributed approximately $\$ 20,548$ in matching Simple IRA contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, which is included in salaries and related expenses on the accompanying statement of functional expenses.

## 13. Income Taxes

Under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, the Organization is a nonprofit organization and is exempt from federal taxes on income other than net unrelated business income. No provision for federal or state income taxes is required for the year ended June 30, 2023, as the Organization had no taxable net unrelated business income.

The Organization follows the authoritative guidance relating to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes included in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740-10, Income Taxes. These provisions provide consistent guidance for the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements and prescribe a threshold of "more likely than not" for recognition and derecognition of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It is the Organization's policy to recognize interest and/or penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, in income tax expenses.

The Organization performed an evaluation of uncertain tax positions for the year ended June 30, 2023 and determined that there were no matters that would require recognition in the financial statements or that may have any effect on its tax-exempt status. The statute of limitations generally remains open for three tax years with the U.S. federal jurisdiction or the various states and local jurisdictions in which the Organization files tax returns.

## 14. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Organization has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 13, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that require recognition of, or disclosure in, the financial statements.

